

HW → Matter and Interactions

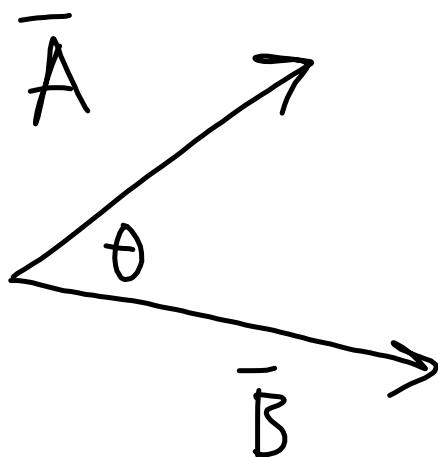
p. 277-278

19, 23, 25, 29, 33

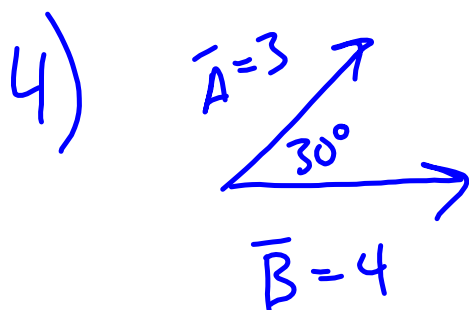
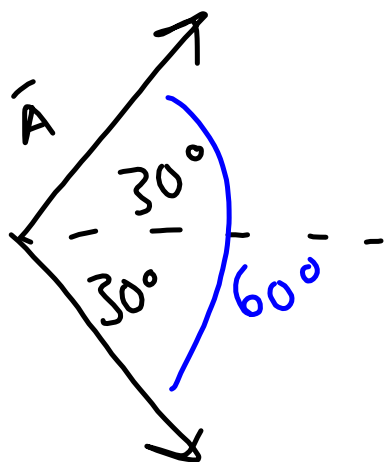
Work

- $W = F \Delta x$
- $W = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$

Dot Product (Scalar Product)

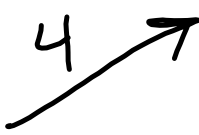


$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = |\vec{A}| |\vec{B}| \cos \theta$$



$$\begin{aligned}\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} &= |\vec{A}| |\vec{B}| \cos \theta \\ &= |3| |4| \cos(30^\circ) = 10.4\end{aligned}$$

Notation for vectors:

- Graphically: 
- "Bracket" notation $\langle x, y, z \rangle$
 Set (?) head at $(0, 0, 0)$
 tail at point above
- ijk notation $x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$
 i-hat \uparrow
 unit vector
 in x-direction

Dot Products in different notations

$$\bullet \langle A_x, A_y, A_z \rangle \cdot \langle B_x, B_y, B_z \rangle =$$

$$A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z$$

$$\bullet (A_x \hat{i} + A_y \hat{j} + A_z \hat{k}) \cdot (B_x \hat{i} + B_y \hat{j} + B_z \hat{k}) =$$

$$A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z$$

$$\hat{i} \cdot \hat{i} = |1||1| \cos 0^\circ = 1$$

$$\hat{j} \cdot \hat{j} = 1$$

$$\hat{k} \cdot \hat{k} = 1$$

$$\hat{i} \cdot \hat{j} = |1||1| \cos(90^\circ) = \emptyset$$

$$5) \quad \vec{A} = 3\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{B} = 4\hat{i} - \hat{j}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} &= (3)(4) + (3)(-1) \\ &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

Work, again \rightarrow Work-Energy Theorem

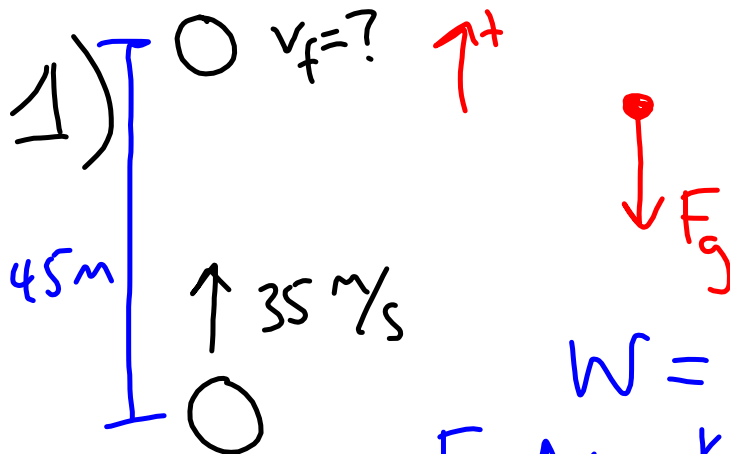
$$E_i + W_{in} = W_{out} + E_f$$

$$W = \Delta E$$

work-energy
theorem

$$\int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = E_f - E_i$$

relates forces
and energy



$$W = \Delta E$$

$$F_g \cdot \Delta x = K_f - K_i$$

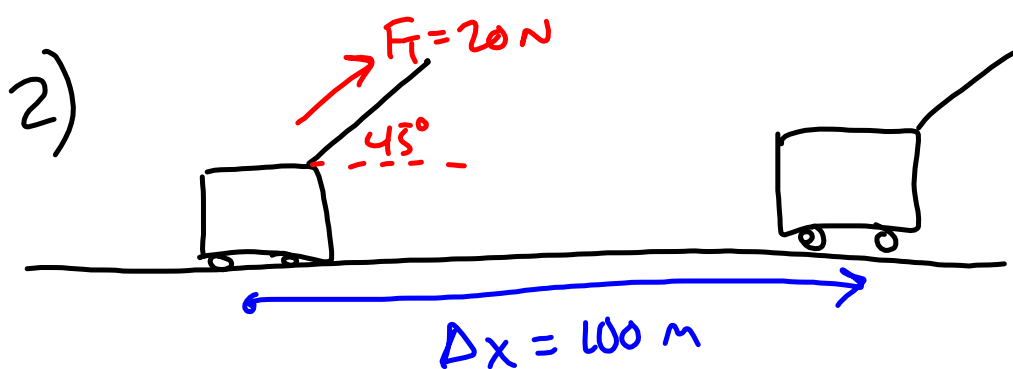
* Earth is
NOT in system,
so no U_g

$$F_g \Delta x \cos(180^\circ) = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} m v_i^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 = -m a_g \Delta x + \frac{1}{2} m v_i^2$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{2(-a_g \Delta x + \frac{1}{2} v_i^2)}$$

$$= 18 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\begin{aligned}W_T &= \vec{F}_T \cdot \Delta \vec{x} \\&= |F_T| |\Delta x| \cos(45^\circ) \\&= |20\text{ N}| |100\text{ m}| \cos(45^\circ) \\&= 1400\text{ J}\end{aligned}$$

3)

500 m

$v_f = ?$

$\vec{F}_T \uparrow$

$\vec{F}_g \downarrow$

$\Sigma \vec{F} = F_T - F_g$

$W_{\text{total}} = \Delta E = K_f - K_i$

$|F_T - F_g| |\Delta x| \cos(0^\circ) = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2$

$v_f = 130 \text{ m/s}$

Types of Forces

- Conservative → gravitational, electric, magnetic, spring

When just conservative forces present, we can use conservation of energy

- Non-conservative forces → friction, drag

HAVE to use work-energy theorem